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Ministry of Education, Higher Education and Vocational Education - Division of Piriven Education  
කලුවී, ඉයර්කලුවී මුද්‍රුම තොழිරුකළුවී ආමේස්සු - පිරිවෙනාකක් කලුවීප පිරිව

**MID-TERM TEST - 2025**  
**GRADE - 05**  
**(05) English Language**

5 E I

1 Hour

*Q. No. Marks*

1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	

Paper I  
Total

**Index No :** .....

❖ Answer all the questions on this paper itself.

○ **Test 01**

Match the items with their parts. Write the relevant letter in the box. *The first one is done for you.*

(05 marks)

<u>Item</u>	<u>Part</u>
1. book	<input type="checkbox"/> <b>d</b>
2. bicycle	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. house	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. stupa	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. tree	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. pen	<input type="checkbox"/>
	a). branch
	b). kitchen
	c). ink
	<del>d). page</del>
	e). wheel
	f). basal rings

For  
Examiners'  
use only

Q.1

1x
Total
5

○ **Test 02**

Complete the text by choosing the most suitable words from the box. *The first one is done for you.*

(05 marks)

some any one the an **a**

The other day my friend *Attadassi Thero* wanted to buy 1) ..... **a** ..... book. We went to 2) ..... nearest bookshop, but couldn't find the 3) ..... he was looking for.

"Do you know 4) ..... other places where we might find it?" he asked.

Q.2

1x
Total
5

I did know 5) ..... other bookshops in town, but I suggested trying 6) ..... online store - and it worked!

○ **Test 03**

Study the picture and fill in the blanks of the following paragraph using the words given in the box. Write the relevant letter in the space provided. *The first one is done for you.*

(05 marks)



a. above	b. librarian
c. neat	d. on
e. searching	f. seven
<b>g. shelves</b>	h. short
i. sitting	j. standing
k. stupa	

This is a picture of a library in a pirivena. There are many books on tall (1) ..... **g** ..... There are (2) ..... monks using the facility now. Three monks are (3) ..... at a table near the window. They are reading *thripitaka* books. One monk is (4) ..... for a book on a shelf while another monk is (5) ..... at the counter talking to the (6) ..... Two other monks are sitting on the floor with books. They are writing notes at a (7) ..... table. Outside the window, we can see a large (8) ..... The library is clean and (9) ..... There is a fan (10) ..... the ceiling and a clock (11) ..... a notice board on the wall.

Q.3

1x
Total
5

○ **Test 04**

Complete the conversation by using the correct missing parts from the box. Write the correct letter in the blanks. *The first one is done for you.*

(05 marks)

Sahas : Do you like to see *Peraharas*?

Malik : 1) **d** ..... but why do you ask?

Sahas : Because we're planning to see the Kandy *Esala Perahera* this time, and 2) .....

Malik : Yes, I'd love to. It's usually held in August, 3) .....

Sahas : 4) ..... Have you seen it before?

Malik : No, I haven't 5) .....

Sahas : 6) ..... This's going to be my third time.

Q.4

(a) What about you?	(b) Isn't it?
(c) Yes, I've seen it twice.	<b>(d) Yes, I do</b>
(e) Would you like to join us?	(f) You're right

1x
Total
5

○ **Test 05**

Read the following short passage and fill in the missing details in the table below. *The first one is done for you.*

(05 marks)

Jasmines are small white flowers known for their strong sweet fragrance. They grow on a shrub or a climbing vine. These flowers usually have five to nine petals. Jasmines are often used in making perfumes and oils. They are also used in religious events, weddings and hair decorations. Because of their sweet scent and delicate looks, jasmines are one of the most loved flowers in the world.

1. Name of flower	<b><i>Jasmine</i></b> .....
2. Size of flower	.....
3. Scent	Strong .....
4. Type of plant	Shrub or ..... vine
5. Number of petals	..... to nine
6. Reasons for popularity	Sweet scent and delicate .....

Q.5

1x

Total

5

○ **Test 06**

Imagine you are an announcer and write the announcement you would make to inform the villagers about a *Bodhi Puja* organized by *Jayabodhi Temple, Jayagama*. Use about 40 - 50 words.

- Include a date, time and who conducts it.

(05 marks)

Q.6

C -

L -

Total

5

○ **Test 07**

Read the following passage and answer the questions. *The first one is done for you.*

(05 marks)

### **Wild Animals vs Caged Animals**

Wild animals live in forests, jungles, or grasslands. They are free to move, find food, and live with others of their kind. They hunt, explore, and follow their natural instincts. In contrast, caged animals live in zoos or cages. They cannot roam freely and often depend on humans for food. While they may be safe from predators, they miss the freedom and excitement of the wild. Some animals in cages may become bored or stressed. Wild animals enjoy a natural life, but caged animals have limited space and activity. Though zoos help to protect endangered animals, a cage is never the same as a home in the wild.

Underline the most suitable answer.

1. Where do wild animals usually live?
  - a) In cages
  - b) In cities
  - c) **In forests**
  
2. Who gives food to caged animals?
  - a) Other animals
  - b) Humans
  - c) The wind
  
3. Why do caged animals feel stressed?
  - a) They sleep too much
  - b) They cannot roam freely
  - c) They eat a lot
  
4. What is the main difference between wild and caged animals?
  - a) Colour of their skin
  - b) How much they eat
  - c) Their freedom to move
  
5. If a zoo wants animals to be happy, what can it do?
  - a) Give them space to move
  - b) Lock them more tightly
  - c) Stop feeding them
  
6. What should be added to a cage to help animals feel natural?
  - a) Rocks and trees
  - b) Mirrors
  - c) Plastic chairs

Q.7

1x	
Total	
	5

### ○ Test 08

Write a paragraph on one of the following topics. *Use about 50-60 Words*

(05 Marks)

1) A Famous Buddhist Monk      2) I am a Happy Person.

Q.8

C -
L -
Total
—
5



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### MID-TERM TEST - 2025

GRADE - 05

(05) English Language

5	E	II
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2 Hours

Index No : .....

❖ Answer all the questions on this paper itself.

Q. No.	Marks
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
Paper II	
<b>Total</b>	

○ **Test 9**

Fill in the blanks with the most suitable words given in the box. You can use a word only once.  
(05 marks)

merits / walk / collect / alms / ancient

In many Buddhist countries, monks walk silently through villages each morning to perform *pindapatha*, the act of begging for (1) ..... This practice is a time-honored tradition that allows laypeople to gain (2) ..... by giving food. The monks do not beg aggressively but (3) ..... mindfully, accepting whatever is offered. They (4) ..... the alms in bowls and return to the monastery. Both giver and receiver share in the happiness that comes from this exchange. Monks are expected to live relying on donations while remaining detached. This (5) ..... custom continues to bring happiness to communities.

○ **Test 10**

Underline the most appropriate form of the verbs given in brackets.

(05 Marks)

Nun *Chintha* : Venerable *Supeshala*, I was thinking today about how important it is (1) ..... (be / to be / being) truthful in our daily life.

Nun *Supeshala* : Yes, Venerable *Chintha*. Truthfulness (2) ..... (help / helps / helping) us to live a peaceful and honest life.

People (3) ..... (trust / trusts / trusting) us more when we speak the truth.

Nun *Chintha* : I agree. I remember breaking a rule once when I (4) ..... (am / was / to be) young, and then I told a lie. It felt very bad.

Nun *Supeshala* : Yes, lying always brings suffering.

After that, have you ever (5) ..... (tell / told / telling) a lie again?

Q.9

1x
Total
5

Nun *Chintha* : No. I have learnt my lesson. I started speaking the truth in all situations.

Nun *Supeshala* : Truthfulness is also important for (6) ..... (build / built / building) good relationships with others.

Nun *Chintha* : That's true. And after practicing it for some time, I feel more peaceful inside.

Nun *Supeshala* : (7) ..... (Be / Being / Been) truthful is one of the five precepts. We must follow it (8) ..... (grow / to grow / grown) in the Dhamma.

Nun *Chintha* : In the future, I (9) ..... (continued / will continue / have continued) to follow the path of truth.

Nun *Supeshala* : Yes. We (10) ..... (are not forgetting / had not forgotten / must not forget) how truth brings light to the mind.

Q.10

1/2x

Total

5

○ **Test 11**

Read the following poem and answer the questions.

(05 marks)

A Friend like You

A friend like you is kind and true,  
You cheer me up when I feel blue.  
We talk, we laugh, we sometimes share,  
With you, I know someone will care.

You listen close and never judge,  
You help me when I will not budge.  
We walk together, side by side,  
In you, I always can confide.

In happy times or when I cry,  
You stay with me and never lie.  
Our friendship grows with every day,  
I hope it always stays this way.

1. Mention two things the writer and their friend do together. (01 mark)

.....

2. What does the writer say about their friend's listening skills? (01 mark)

.....

3. State whether the following statement is TRUE or FALSE. (01 mark)

- The writer and their friend sometimes argue. - .....

4. Underline the correct answer.

(01 mark)

- How does the writer describe their friend?
  - Funny and careless
  - Kind and true
  - Rude and selfish

5. Give rhyming words.

(1/2 x 2 = 01 mark)

- true - .....
- cry - .....

Q.11

1x

Total

5

o **Test 12**

Fill in the blanks of the paragraph using the most appropriate words from the box.

(07 marks)

working / time / teachings / huge / the / students / built / university / an / but /  
art / in / its / of

*Nalanda* in India was a very famous old school for Buddhists. It was like a big (1) ..... for monks and lay (2) ..... This school helped spread Buddhist (3) ..... far and wide. It was (4) ..... in a place called *Magadha*, which is now Bihar (5) ..... India.

*Nalanda* started a very long (6) ..... ago and it provided practical education to Buddhist students from many Asian countries like China and Tibet. They learned not only about Buddhism, (7) ..... also about other subjects like medicine, (8) ..... and management. *Nalanda* was at (9) ..... best around the year 700 AD. It had (10) ..... buildings and a massive library with thousands (11) ..... books. People from all over (12) ..... world knew about *Nalanda's* great wisdom. Sadly, (13) ..... attack later on destroyed much of it, and the school stopped (14) ..... But its memory still lives on as a place of great learning.

Q.12

1/2x

Total

7

o **Test 13**

Underline the suitable linking word given within brackets. *The first one is done for you.*  
(05 marks)

1. First, we chanted *Pirith* and ..... (then / until) we meditated for a while.
2. The novice monk is kind. He is ..... (otherwise / also) very hardworking.
3. Nun *Sila* was very tired. ...., (however / nevertheless) she joined the evening chanting.
4. He didn't eat after noon ..... (because / but) he was following the eight precepts.
5. Venerable *Kassapa* closed the gate ..... (although / after) all the devotees had left.

Q.12

1x

Total

5

o **Test 14**

Answer one of the following. *Use about 100 words.*

(10 marks)

a) Write a letter to one of your foreign friends describing your village / city.

❖ Include the following:

- Location
- Important places
- People
- Ask him / her about his / her village or city

**OR**

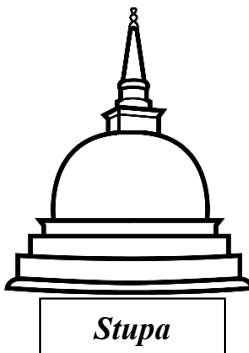
b) Write an information report about stupa using the information given below.

**1. Introduction**

- also called a *chethiya*
- a Buddhist monument
- found in temples

**2. Parts of a Stupa**

- Basal rings – circular steps at the bottom
- Dome – the large round part in the middle
- Square chamber – above the dome
- Deity images – placed above the square chamber
- Spire rings – pointed structure with rings
- Pinnacle – at the top of the *stupa*



**5. Spiritual Activities**

- worship the sacred relics
- make offerings (alms, flowers, oil lamps etc.)
- chant *pirith*
- meditate

**3. Shapes of Stupas**

- bubble-shaped
- bell-shaped
- grain heap-shaped
- lotus-shaped

**4. Some Famous Stupas in Sri Lanka**

- *Ruwanwelisaya* – Anuradhapura
- *Thuparamaya* – Anuradhapura
- *Rankoth Vehera* – Polonnaruwa
- *Kiri Vehera* – Kataragama

Q.14

C -  
L -  
O -  
M -  
Total

### ○ Test 15

Read the following text and answer the questions.

(08 marks)

Obesity means having too much body fat. It can make people unhealthy and tired. Doctors use BMI (Body Mass Index) to know if a person is obese. People who are obese may feel tired, have joint pain, and find it hard to do physical activities.

The main causes of obesity are eating too much junk food, not doing enough exercise, stress, and sometimes family history. Food like burgers, chips, sweets, and sugary drinks can make people gain weight.

To prevent obesity, we should eat healthy food, drink water, and stay active. Good foods include fruits, vegetables, whole grains, and lean meat. Playing outside, walking, or riding a bike also helps.

Being healthy makes us feel better, move easily, and stay strong.

1 State whether the following statements are TRUE or False

- a. Obesity means having too little body fat. - .....
- b. BMI is used to check if someone is obese. - .....
- c. Tiredness and joint pain are symptoms of obesity. - .....
- d. Drinking lots of sugary drinks helps reduce body weight. - .....

2. What are two common symptoms of obesity?

.....

3. Name two causes of obesity.

.....

4. Why is drinking water better than sugary drinks?

.....

5. Find from the text a similar word for the following word;

- Avoid - .....

6. Find from the text an opposite word for the following word;

- Lose - .....

7. Complete the following sentence using a word from the text.

- Obesity can be caused by eating too much ..... food.

Q.15

1x

Total

8

o **Test 16**

Write on one of the following. *Use about 150 words.*

(15 marks)

a. Write an article to a youth magazine on “Let’s Protect Our Environment.”

Include:

- Why nature is important
- What people do to harm it
- How we can protect it

b. Write a speech you would deliver at the morning assembly on “The Value of Time.”

Include:

- Why time should not be wasted
- How students waste time
- Good ways to manage time

c. Write an essay on “The Almsgiving (*dana*) Tradition in Buddhist Life.”

Include:

- What almsgiving is
- How people offer alms
- How we can preserve and respect the tradition

d. Complete the following conversation.

Ven. *Mahinda* : I saw you reading *Jataka* Stories last week. Did you finish it?

Ven. *Visuddhi* : I read about ten stories. There was one I really liked.

Q.16

C -

1

0

M

Total

---

15